

NAM VIET OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY TRAINING AND ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING CO., LTD.

Full name:

Year of birth:

Company:

Please circle one (01) correct answer.

Question 1: During the process of pouring sulfuric acid and checking the battery, what accident is likely to occur if the worker does not wear full protective equipment?

- a) Electric shock
- b) Chemical burns
- c) Electrical leakage
- d) Bone fracture

Question 2: What is the main cause of occupational accidents during battery discharge and packaging?

- a) Lack of personal protective equipment
- b) Error in voltage measurement process
- c) Substandard or damaged equipment
- d) Lack of lifting and moving skills

Question 3: To prevent work accidents when checking battery quality, what technical training do workers need?

- a) Pressure and voltage measurement techniques
- b) Chemical processing techniques
- c) Cleaning and labeling techniques
- d) Battery transportation techniques

Question 4: What is one of the important factors in preventing occupational accidents when discharging and packing batteries?

- a) Check protective equipment
- b) Ensure the work area is clean
- c) Use a forklift or conveyor belt
- d) Set up clear warning signs

Question 5: What occupational accidents can occur when workers come into unsafe contact with sulfuric acid during acid spillage?

- a) Electrical leakage
- b) Physical injury
- c) Chemical burns
- d) Fire and explosion

Question 6: In case of an acid leak during the pouring of sulfuric acid, what should workers do immediately?

- a) Stop all activities and use an acid neutralizer
- b) Wash the wound with clean water
- c) Perform first aid on the victim
- d) Report the problem to the technical department

Question 7: What is the main cause of battery explosions during quality control?

- a) Inaccurate pressure measurement
- b) Insufficient ventilation system
- c) Inadequate protective equipment
- d) Substandard voltage measuring equipment

Question 8: To avoid work accidents when packing batteries, what procedures should workers follow?

- a) Cleaning the batteries
- b) Check the condition of packaging and packaging equipment
- c) Using the direct hand lifting method
- d) Ensure that there are no chemicals in the packaging area

Question 9: What safety procedures should be followed when workers discharge electricity from a battery?

- a) Check protective equipment and work area
- b) Carry out electrical discharge in the area with cooling system
- c) Ensure discharge only during off hours
- d) Make sure there are no people in the discharge area

Question 10: To minimize occupational accidents when discharging and packing batteries, which measure is most necessary?

- a) Use full personal protective equipment
- b) Ensure workers have occupational safety certificates
- c) Check battery condition after each shift
- d) Train workers in proper lifting and transport techniques

Question 11: While working, workers can omit some of the contents of the safe working process to perform the job faster.

- a) True
- b) False

Question 12: Fire prevention and fighting measures are

- a) Propaganda and education measures
- b) Technical measures
- c) Administrative and legal measures
- d) Measures to choose fire-resistant or non-fireproof materials right from the design of the constructions
- e) Measures for periodic inspection, maintenance and repair of machinery
- f) All three (a, b, c) are correct
- g) All 5 (a, b, c, d, e) are correct

Question 13: When a worker has a work accident caused by the Employer's fault and his/her working capacity is reduced by 81%, how much compensation will he/she receive?

- a) 30 Months of minimum wage
- b) 30 Months of Social Insurance Salary
- c) 30 months salary according to labor contract.

Question 14: According to the provisions of Decree 44/2016/ND-CP dated May 15, 2016 of the Government, workers with strict requirements on occupational safety (group 3) must receive at least how many hours of initial periodic training?

- a) 16 hours
- b) 24 hours
- c) 30 hours
- d) 48 hours

Question 15: Which of the following subjects are required to receive occupational safety and hygiene training?

- a) Current workers and newly recruited employees
- b) Apprentices and trainees
- c) Probationary workers and freelance workers hired by the facility
- d) Both (a) and (b) are correct
- e) Both (a) and (c) are correct
- f) All three (a, b, and c) are correct

Question 16: What will workers get when they have occupational diseases?

- a) Treatment and leave from work.
- b) Treatment until recovery and return to old job.
- c) Treatment until recovery and reassignment to work suitable to health.
- d) Provide financial assistance and help find another job.

Question 17: According to the Law on Labor Safety and Hygiene, how many obligations do workers have?

- a) 1 obligation.
- b) 2 obligations.
- c) 3 obligations.
- d) 4 obligations.

Question 18: Employees have the right to refuse to do work or leave the workplace while still receiving full pay and not being considered as violating labor discipline when they clearly see a risk of a work accident that seriously threatens their life and health and must immediately report to the person directly in charge, true or false?

- a) True
- b) False

Question 19: Causes of injury when using hand-held primitive tools

- a) Using damaged tools or tools lacking safety equipment
- b) Using it for purposes other than its intended purpose
- c) Improper operation and use
- d) Both (a) and (b) are correct
- e) All three (a, b, c) are correct

Question 20: Equip yourself with adequate personal protective equipment to

- a) Preventing work accidents
- b) Preventing occupational diseases
- c) Both of the above

